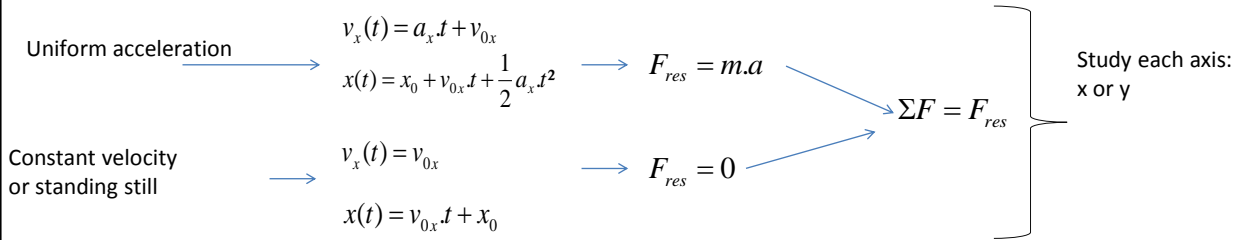


# Problem solving with Newton

## The motion is given

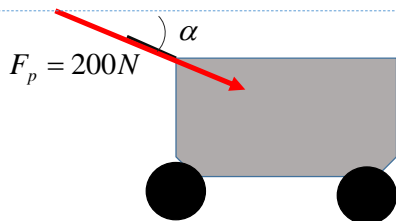
Calculate one or more unknown forces that cause this motion.



The vectors need to be decomposed with respect to this frame of reference.

# Problem solving with Newton

Example: You push a shopping cart with a constant force of 200N with an angle of  $-20^\circ$  in respect to the ground. The mass of the cart is 45 kg. This will cause the cart to accelerate in 2,0 seconds from 0 to 2,6 m/s. Calculate the frictional force and the normal force.



With respect to the y-as: no acceleration

$$F_{res,Y} = 0$$

With respect to the X-as: uniform acceleration

$$v_x(t) = a_x \cdot t + v_{0x} \quad a_x = \frac{v_x}{t} = \frac{2,6 \frac{m}{s}}{2,0s} = 1,3 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

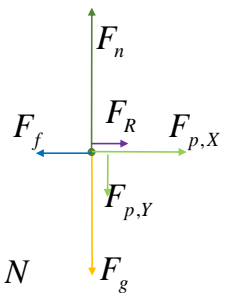
$$F_{p,X} = 200N \cdot \cos 20^\circ = 188N$$

$$F_{R,X} = 45kg \cdot 1,3 \frac{m}{s^2} = 59N$$

$$F_{p,Y} = 200N \cdot \sin 20^\circ = 68N \quad F_g = m \cdot g = 45 \cdot 9,81 = 4,4 \cdot 10^2 N$$

$$F_{R,X} = 59N = F_{p,X} - F_f \quad F_f = F_{p,X} - F_{R,X} = 188 - 59 = 129N$$

$$F_{R,Y} = 0N = F_g + F_{p,Y} - F_n \quad F_n = F_g + F_{p,Y} = 4,4 \cdot 10^2 N + 68N = 5,1 \cdot 10^2 N$$



# Problem solving with Newton

**The forces are given.**

Decompose forces with respect to X and Y- axis

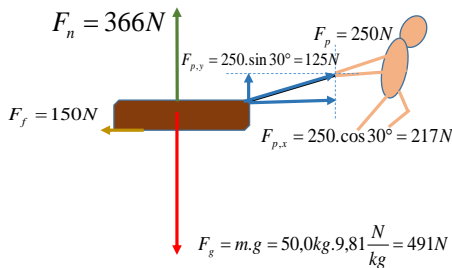
$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma F_X &= F_{res,X} \\ \Sigma F_Y &= F_{res,Y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{res} &= 0 && \text{Constant velocity or no motion} && v(t) = v_0 \\ & && && x(t) = v_0 t + x_0 \\ F_{res} &= m \cdot a && \text{Uniform acceleration} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(t) &= a \cdot t + v_0 \\ x(t) &= x_0 + v_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a \cdot t^2 \end{aligned}$$

# Problem solving with Newton

Example: You pull the sleigh and on the sleigh is your little sister. You exert a force of 250 Newton with an angle of  $30,0^\circ$  in respect to the X-axis. The sleigh's mass together with your sister is 50,0 kg. The frictional force is 150N en the normal force is 366N. If you pull during 2,0 seconds, what speed will you obtain if your initial velocity was 0.



Forces along Y-axis:

$$F_{res,Y} = F_n + F_{p,y} - F_g = 366 + 125 - 491 = 0$$

Forces along X-axis:

$$F_{res,X} = F_{p,x} - F_f = 217 - 150 = 67N$$

$$F_{res,X} = m \cdot a_x \quad a_x = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{67N}{50,0kg} = 1,3 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$v_x(t) = a_x \cdot t + v_{0,x} \quad v_x(t) = 1,3 \cdot 2,0 + 0 = 2,6 \frac{m}{s}$$